

SRI VENKATESWARA UNIVERSITY : TIRUPATI
M.A. DEGREE COURSE IN HISTORY (SOUTH EAST ASIAN AND PACIFIC STUDIES)
S.V.U. COLLEGE OF ARTS (CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM)
(effective from the batch of students admitted from the academic year 2015-16)

REVISED SCHEME OF INSTRUCTIONS AND EXAMINATIONS

Sem	Course code	Title of the Course	Core/ Elective	No. of Credits	Exam. Duration	IA	SEE	Total Marks
I	SEAP 101	History of Ancient and Medieval India Until 1764	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 102	Modern European History 1870-1991	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 103	Early Cultural History of Southeast Asia	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 104	Modern History of China, 1839-1976	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 105	Regional Geography of Southeast Asia	Core	4	3	30	70	100
II	SEAP 201	History of Modern India from 1765 to 1964	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 202	Colonization of Southeast Asia	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 203	Contemporary Cultural History of Southeast Asia	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 204	Modern History of Japan 1854-1975	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 205	Regional Geography of South Asia & South Pacific	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 206	Human Values and Professional Ethics-I	Core	4	3	30	70	100
III	SEAP 301	International Relations	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 302	Nationalism in southeast Asia	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 303	Indochina (Cambodia, Laos & Vietnam) 1802-2000	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 304	Choose any one of the following a)History of the USA from 1766 to 1963 b)The Indian Diaspora c)India and the World	IE	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 305	Choose any one of the following a)Geopolitics of Asia-Pacific Region b)Government and Politics in Southeast Asia c)Government Politics and Society in China and Japan	IE	4	3	30	70	100
IV	SEAP 401	Choose any one of the following a)India & the Asia -Pacific b)East Asian Developments since 1991 c)History of Andhra Pradesh from 1600 to 1956	IE	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 402	a)Regional Cooperation in Southeast Area (OR) b)The US Foreign Policy towards Southeast Asia after World War-II	IE	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 403	Economics of Asia-Pacific Region	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 404	India – Australia Relations	Core	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 405	Choose any one of the following a)South Pacific Cultures b)International Studies with focus on Southeast Asia & Pacific Region c)Post-Cold War World order	IE/ EE	4	3	30	70	100
	SEAP 406	Human Values and Professional Ethics-II	Core	4	3	30	70	100

CENTRE FOR SOUTHEAST ASIAN AND PACIFIC STUDIES

List of papers Revised and to be offered from 2010-2011 and the papers already in vogue

Semester	Course Code	Title of the papers as per the Revision proposed
I	SEAP-101	History of Ancient and Medieval India Until 1764
	SEAP-102	Modern European History, 1870-1945
	SEAP-103	Early Cultural History of Southeast Asia
	SEAP-104	Modern History of China, 1839-1976
	SEAP-105	Regional Geography of Southeast Asia.
II	SEAP-201	History of Modern India from 1765 to 1964
	SEAP-202	Colonization of Southeast Asia
	SEAP-203	Contemporary Cultural History of Southeast Asia
	SEAP-204	Modern History of Japan, 1854-1975
	SEAP-205	Regional Geography of East Asia & South Pacific
III	SEAP-301	International Relations
	SEAP-302	Nationalism in Southeast Asia
	SEAP-303	Indochina (Cambodia, Laos & Vietnam) 1802-1975
	SEAP-304	History of the USA from 1766 to 1963
	SEAP-305	Geopolitics of Asia-Pacific Region.
IV	SEAP-401	India and the Asia-Pacific
	SEAP-402	Regional Cooperation in Southeast Asia
	SEAP-403	Economics of Asia-Pacific Region
	SEAP-404	India and Australia Relations
	SEAP-405	South Pacific cultures

SRI VENKATESWARA UNIVERSITY : TIRUPATI
M.A. DEGREE COURSE IN HISTORY (SOUTH EAST ASIAN AND PASIFIC STUDIES)
S.V.U. COLLEGE OF ARTS (CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM)
REVISED SYLLABUS
(effective from the batch of students admitted from the academic year 2015-16)

I - SEMESTER

SEAP : 101 HISTORY OF ANCIENT AND MEDIEVAL INDIA UNTIL 1764

- I. Meaning and importance of the study of History – Impact of Geography on Indian History – The Features of Indus Valley Civilization – Vedic Culture – Conditions prevailed in Northern India in 6th Century B.C. – Jainism and Buddhism.
- II. Mauryan Empire – Chandra Gupta – Ashoka - Decline of Mauryan Empire – Post-Mauryan period in North India – Kushans – Kanishka – Gupta Empire – Samudra Gupta – Golden age of Guptas – Pushyabhuti Dynasty – Harsha Vardhana – Rajputs – Contribution to Indian Culture.
- III. Deccan and South Indian Kindgdoms – Sangam Age – Satavahanas – Cholas – Chalukyas – Rastrakutas – Kakatiyas and Vijayanagara Empire – Krishnadevaraya – polity, administration, society, economy, art and architecture.
- IV. Muslim Invasions – Ghazni Mohammed and Ghori Mohammed – Effects of Muslim Invasions – Delhi Sultanate – Slave Dynasty – Khilji Dynasty – Tughlaq Dynasty – Lodi Dynasty – Downfall of Delhi Sultanate – Sufi and Bhakti Movements.
- V. Moghal Empire – Babur – Akbar – Sher Shah – Shahjahan – Aurangazeb – Downfall of Moghal Empire – Rise of Regional powers – Marathas – Sivaji Administration – Sikhs.

Suggested Readings

- Majumdar, R.C., *Ancient India*, (Calcutta, 1920)
Romila Thaper, *Ancient Indian History*, (Delhi; 1978)
Sastri KAN, *A History of South India* (Madras, 1956)
Sastri, KAN, *History of India Vol I & II* (Madras)
Yazdani, G, *Early History of Deccan*, (Oxford, 1960).
Iswari Prasad, *Medieval India*, (Allahabad, 1974).
Smith, V.A., *Oxford History of India*. (Oxford, 1982).
Lunia, B.A., *Life and Culture of Ancient India*, (Calcutta, 1920).
Cambridge, History of India (Delhi).
Hermann Kulke and Dietmar Rothermund, *A History of India*, (London, 2004)
Burton Stein, *A History of India*, (New Delhi, 2006)

SEAPS 102: MODERN EUROPEAN HISTORY, 1870 - 1991

- I. Franco-Prussian War – Paris Commune - The Third Republic – Bismarck and the Consolidation of German Empire.
- II. Big-power Interests and Conflicts in the Balkans - Russo-Turkish War, 1877 – Treaty of San Stefano and Congress of Berlin, 1878 and their Significance.
- III. Formation of Triple Alliance and Triple Entente – The Balkan Wars and their Results- Events leading to the World War I – Treaty of Versailles – Bolshevik Revolution, 1917 and its Impact on Colonial Asia.

- IV. Rise of Dictatorships in Germany and Italy -- Events leading to the World War II – Reconstruction of Europe – Marshall Plan – Origin and Growth of Cold War.
- V. Cold War Politics in Europe – Berlin Crisis – East Europe vs. West Europe – Role of super Powers – Collapse of Soviet Union – End of Cold War.

Suggested Readings

1. Dayal, Rahgubir, *A Textbook of Modern European History, 1789-1939*, (Bombay, 1977).
2. Ferguson, Wallace K., and Bruun, Geoffrey, *European Civilization*, (Boston, 1958).
3. Gooch, G.P., *History of Modern Europe*, (Delhi, 1979).
4. Hammond, D.Y., *Cold War and Detente*, (New York, 1975).
5. Joll, J., *Europe Since 1870*, (London, 1973).
6. Ketelbey, C.D.M., *A History of Modern Times from 1789*, (Bombay, 1976).
7. Lipson, E., *Europe in the XIX and XX Centuries, 1815-1939*, (London, 1963).
8. Marriot, J.A.Rt., *A History of Europe*, (New Delhi, 1979).
9. Taylor, A.J.P., *Struggle for the Mastery in Europe, 1848-1918*, (Oxford, 1960).

SEAPS 103 : EARLY CULTURAL HISTORY OF SOUTHEAST ASIA

- I.
 - 1) Sources of the study of the spread of Indian Culture
 - 2) India-Southeast Asia Maritime Trade Patterns
- II.
 - a) Funan and Chenla
 - 1) Funan: Indian Origin and Political Expansion – Cult of Harihara
 - 2) Foundation of Chenla and the greatness of Isanavarman – Cult of Bhadreswara
 - b) Champa
 - 1) Origins – The Great Rulers and their Cultural contributions: Bhadravarman, Sambhuvarman, Prakashadharmavikranthavarman and Jaya Indravarman
 - 2) Hindu Culture in Champa – Temples of Myson and Po Nagar
 - c) Kambuja Empire
 - 1) Jayavarman II and Devaraja Cult – Yasovarman and Angkorian Empire – Suryavarman II and Angkor Wat – Jayavarman VII and Angkor Thom and Bayon
 - 2) Brahmanic literature in Southeast Asia.
- III. Pagan Empire
 - 1) Pre-Pagan period – Mons and Pyus – Migration of Tibeto-Burmans
 - 2) Pagan Period – Aniruddha the Great and Shwezigon temple – Kyanzitta and Ananda temple – Mon Cultural influence on Pagan – Migrations of Chins and Karens into Upper Burma.
 - 3) Chapata and Sinhalese Buddhism in Burma
- IV.
 - a) Buddhist Sailendras and Srivijaya Empire
 - 1) Sailendras and Borobudur and other temples
 - 2) Sailendra – Chola Relations
 - b) Hindu Javanese Kingdoms
 - 1) Sanjaya and Mataram Dynasties – Hindu temples of Prambanan Valley – The greatness of Airlangga
 - 2) Kadir Dynastys and Indo-Javanese Literature
 - 3) The Greatness of Kritanagara and Siva Buddhism
- V.
 - 1) Kublai Khan's Military invasions of Southeast Asia
 - 2) Hegemony of Thais in Mainland Southeast Asia
 - 3) Rise of Majapahit – King Jayanagara – Prime Minister Gajamada's Services to Majaphahit – Hindu Culture
 - 4) Spread of Islam

Suggested Readings

1. Bose, Phanindra Nath, *The Hindu Colony of Champa*, (Adayar, 1927)
2. Cady, J.F., *Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development*, (New York, 1964).
3. Chatterji, B.R., *Indian Cultural Influence in Cambodia*, (Calcutta, 1928).
4. Coedes, George, *The Indianized States of Southeast Asia*, (Honolulu, 1968).
5. Hall, D.G.E., *A History of Southeast Asia*, (New York, 1968).
6. Keyes, Charles, F., *The Golden Peninsula*, (New York, 1977).
7. Le May, Reginald, *The Culture of Southeast Asia: The Heritage of India*, (London, 1964).
8. Majumdar, R.C., *Hindu Colonies in the Far East*, (Calcutta, 1973).
9. Provencher, Ronald, *Mainland Southeast Asia: An Anthropological Perspective*, (New York, 1973).

SEAPS 104: MODERN HISTORY OF CHINA, 1839 - 1976

- I. Early Western Contacts – Opium Wars – Taiping Rebellion – Unequal Treaties – Sino-Japanese War, 1894 – Scramble for Concessions - Open Door Policy - Reform Movement: Kang Yu-Wei- Hundred Days Reform, 1898 – The Boxer Uprising - Manchu Reform Programme.
- II. Sun Yat-Sen – Revolution of 1911 – The Republic – Yuan Shi-Kai – May Fourth Movement – Warlordism - Reorganisation of Kuomintang.
- III. Chiang Kai-Shek - Rise of Kuomintang – Origin and Growth of Chinese Communist Party - Mao Tse-Tung - Long March – Second World War – Civil War, 1945-49 - Establishment of Peoples' Republic of China – Korean War, 1953-1954.
- IV. Reconstruction and Consolidation, 1949-52 – Transition to Socialism, 1953-57 – Hundred Flowers Campaign – Great Leap Forward – Cultural Revolution, 1965-68 – Reconstruction, 1968-76.
- V. People's Republic of China's Relations with the USA, the USSR, India, Taiwan and South and North Korea.

Suggested Readings

1. Ahmed, L. L., *A Comprehensive History of the Far East*, (New Delhi, 1981).
2. *Cambridge Encyclopaedia of China*, (Cambridge, 1982).
3. Chesneaux, Jean and others, *History of China*, Vol.1.2, (New Delhi, 1985).
4. Chien-ning, Li, *The Political History of China, 1840-1928*, (California, 1979).
5. Clyde, P.H., and Beers, B.F., *The Far East: A History of Western Impact and Eastern Responses 1830-1975*, (New Delhi, 1976).
6. David, M.D., *The Making of Modern China*, (Bombay, 1993).
7. Hsu, Immanual, C.Y., *The Rise of Modern China*, (London, 1985).
8. Shouyi, Bai (ed.), *An Outline History of China*, (Beijing, 1982).
9. Vinacke, Harold M., *A History of the Far East in Modern Times*, (Ludhiana, 1978).

SEAPS 105: REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY OF SOUTHEAST ASIA

I. Physical Make-up

Distribution of Land and Water – Topography – River Systems – Climatic Regions – Vegetation Types – Soils.

II. Resource Potentialities and Economic Base

Arable Land – Preponderance of Agricultural Economy – Forest Wealth – Marine Products – Exportable Surplus Raw Materials and Minerals – Trading Prospects.

III. Populations

Trends in Population Growth – Pattern of Population – Population Density – Post-Independence Migrations.

IV. Infrastructural Development

Transport and Communications – Industrial Development – Energy Production & Consumption – Health and Education.

V. Geostrategic Base

Locational Significance – Regional Variations – Zone of Confluence and Conflict.

Suggested Readings

1. Bradshaw, Michael, *A World Regional Geography*, (New York, 1997).
2. Cohen, B., *Monsoon Asia: A Map Geography*, (London, 1970).
3. Cole, John, *Geography of the World's Major Regions*, (London, 1996).
4. Dobby, E.H.G., *Southeast Asia*, (London, 1970).
5. Dutta, Ashok K., *Southeast Asia: Realm of Contrasts*, (Boulder: Colorado, 1985).
6. Fisher, C. A., *Southeast Asia: A Social, Economic and Political Geography*, (London, 1966).
7. Gordon East, W., Spate, O.H.K. and Fisher, Charles A., *The Changing Map of Asia*, (Norfolk, 1971).
8. Hill, R.D., *A Systematic Geography of Southeast Asia*, (Kuala Lumpur, 1979)
9. Salter, Christopher L., Hobbs, Joseph J., Wheeler Jr. Jesse H. and Trenton, Kostbade J., *Essentials of World Regional Geography*, (Sydney, 1998).
10. Spencer, J.E, and William L. Thomas, *Asia, East by South: A Cultural Geography*, (New York, 1971).

II - SEMESTER

SEAP – 201 : HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA FROM 1765 TO 1964

- I. Advent of Europeans – Anglo – French conflict – Expansion and consolidation of British power in India – Governor Generals – Robert Clive – Lord Cornwallis – Permanent Settlement of Land Revenue – Lord Wellesly – Subsidiary Alliance – William Bentinck – Reforms – Lord Dalhousie – Doctrine of Lapse.
- II. First War of Independence, 1857 – Causes and Failure of the revolt – Establishment of the rule of British Crown – Viceroy - Lord Ripon – Lord Curzon – Freedom Movement – Rise of Nationalism – Establishment of Indian National Congress – Partition of Bengal – Swadeshi Movement – Muslim League – Home Rule Movement – Annie Besant – Constitutional Reforms, 1909 and 1919.
- III. Cultural change and Religious Reform Movement – Rise of Modern Education and Press – Social Reform Movement.
- IV. Gandhian Era – Non Cooperation Movement – Civil Disobedience Movement – Round Table Conferences – Government of India Act, 1935 – Quit India Movement – Partition of India – Indian Independence
- V. Integration of Princely states – Sardar Vallabhai Patel – States Reorganisation – Indian Constitution – Declaration of Republic – Five Year Plans – Jawaharlal Nehru – Policy of Nonalignment

Suggested Readings

- Bipan Chandra, *Modern India : A Text Book*, (New Delhi, 1986)
- Grover B.C. and Sethi R.R., *A New Look on Modern Indian History*, (New Delhi, 1992)
- Majumdar, R.C., *History of Freedom Movement in India* (Calcutta, 1962). Aggarwala, R.N., *National Movement and Constitutional Development of India* (Delhi, 1984).
- Sarkar, Sumit, *Modern India, 1885-1947* (Delhi, 1983)
- Bipan Chandra, *India's Struggle for Independence* (New Delhi, 1969)
- Spear, Percival, *The Oxford History of Modern India*, 1974-1974, (New Delhi, 1997).
- Kashyap, Subhasu, *History of Freedom Movement, 1885-1947*, (New Delhi, 1990).
- Roberts, P.E., *History of British India*, (London, 1952).
- Peter Heehs, *India's Freedom Struggle: A Short History*, (New Delhi, 2004)

SEAPS 202 : COLONISATION OF SOUTHEAST ASIA

- I. **Portuguese Conquest** of Malacca: Rise and fall of Portuguese Empire in the East.
- II. **Colonisation of the Philippines** by Spain – The Dutch takeover of East Indies
- III. **Colonial Conquest:** Dutch take over of East Indies - British Conquest of Malaya. Establishment of Straits Settlements – Federated Malay States and Unfederated Malay States – British Conquest of Burma: The Three Anglo - Burmese Wars – Establishment of British Protectorate over Brunei.
- IV. **Colonial Policies and Administration:** Dutch Culture System and Ethical Policy – Economic Policies of other Colonial Powers: British, Spanish and U.S. Administrations.
- V. **Developments in Thailand:** The Reigns of Mongkut and Chulalongkorn – Political and Economic Transformation of Thailand upto 1945.

Suggested Readings

1. Bastian, John & J. Benda, Harry, *A History of Modern Southeast Asia*, (Englewood Cliffs, 1968).
2. Buss, Claude A., *Contemporary Southeast Asia*, (New York, 1970).
3. Cady, John F., *Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development*, (New York, 1964).
4. Christie, Clive J., *A Modern History of Southeast Asia: Decolonization, Nationalism and Separatism*, (Singapore, 1996).
5. Hall, D.G.E., *A History of Southeast Asia*, (London, 1976).
6. Harrison, Brian, *Southeast Asia: A Short History*, (London, 1954).
7. Kahin, G.M., *Nationalism and Revolution in Indonesia*, (Ithaca, 1952).
8. Kahin, G.M. (ed.), *Governments and Politics of Southeast Asia*, (New York, 1966).
9. Purcell, Victor, *South and Southeast Asia Since 1800*, (Cambridge, 1965).
10. Sardesai, D.R., *Southeast Asia: Past and Present*, (New Delhi, 1997).

SEAPS 203: CONTEMPORARY CULTURAL HISTORY OF SOUTHEAST ASIA

I. Colonialism and Spread of Christianity:

- a) Christian Missionary Activities and the Spread of Christianity under the European Colonial rule in Southeast Asia:
 - 1) Philippines (2) Burma (3) South Vietnam (4) Spice Islands (Molukkas)
- b) Impact of Colonialism on Southeast Asian Cultures.

II. Overseas Indians and Chinese in Southeast Asia:

Indians:

- 1) Factors contributing to Indian Emigration into Southeast Asia.
- 2) Role of Indian Emigrants in Southeast Asia in the Struggle for Indian Freedom
- 3) Indian National Army – R.B. Bose – Subhash Chandra Bose

Chinese: Chinese Economic Domination and Political Ambitions – Problem of Integration into Host-communities.

III. Southeast Asian Culture Today

- a) Theravada Buddhist Societies.
- b) Islamic Societies.
- c) Christian Societies.
- d) Tribal Societies and their ways of life.

IV. Survivals of Indian Culture in Southeast Asia.

- 1) Balinese Hinduism
- 2) Cham Hindu Culture.
- 3) Little India in Singapore.
- 4) Ramayana and Mahabharata in Southeast Asia.

V. Nation Building in Southeast Asia.

- 1) Ethnic Conflicts in Southeast Asia.
- 2) Efforts at National Integration.

Suggested Readings

1. Bahadur Singh, I.J., *Indians in Southeast Asia*, (New Delhi, 1981).
2. Boon, James A., *The Anthropological Romance of Bali*, (Cambridge, 1977).
3. Cady, John F., *Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development*, (New York, 1964).
4. Fisher, Charles, A., *Southeast Asia: A Social, Economic and Political Geography*, (New York, 1966).
5. Hall, D.G.E., *A History of Southeast Asia*, (New York, 1968).
6. Keyes, Charles, F., *The Golden Peninsula*, (New York, 1977).
7. Landan, K.P., *Southeast Asia: Crossroad of Religions*, (London, 1969).
8. Leber, Frank, et. al., *Ethnic Groups of Mainland Southeast Asia*, (New Haven, 1964).
9. Osborne, Milton E., *Southeast Asia*, (London, 1979).
10. Provencher, Ronald, *Mainland Southeast Asia: An Anthropological Perspective*, (New York, 1973).
11. Sandhu, K.S. & A. Mani, *Indian Communities in Southeast Asia*, (Singapore, 1993).
12. Siddique, Sharon and Nirmala Purushotam, *Singapore's Little India*, (Singapore, 1990).

SEAPS 204: MODERN HISTORY OF JAPAN, 1854 – 1975

- I. Early Western Contacts - The Tokugawa Shogunate - Opening of Japan - Meiji Restoration-Political, Economic, Social and Military Transformation.
- II. Japan's Expansion: Korea-Anglo-Japanese Alliance, 1902 – Russo-Japanese War, 1904 – Japan's role in the World War I - The Paris Peace Conference.
- III. Political Developments during the Inter-War Period: The Washington Conference – Manchurian Crisis - Rise of Militarism - Role of Japan in the World War II.
- IV. US Occupation: Political, Social and Economic Transformation – San Francisco Conference, 1951 – Post War Economic Development of Japan.
- V. Japan's Relations with the Soviet Union, the USA, China, India, South and North Korea.

Suggested Readings

1. Ahmed. L. L., *A Comprehensive History of the Far East*, (New Delhi, 1981).
2. Beasley, W.G., *The Modern History of Japan*, (London, 1970).
3. Clyde, P.H., and Beers, B.F., *The Far East: A History of Western Impact and Eastern Responses 1830-1975*, (New Delhi, 1976).
4. Duus, Peter, *The Rise of Modern Japan*, Boston, 1976).
5. Mikiso, Hane, *Modern Japan: A Historical Survey*, (London, 1986).
6. Norman, E.H., *Japan Emergence as Modern State*, (Delhi, 1977).
7. Pierre Lehmann, Jean, *The Roots of Modern Japan*, (London, 1987).
8. Reischauer, Edwin O., *Japan: Past and Present*, (London, 1964).
9. Vinacke, Harold M., *A History of the Far East in Modern Times*, (Ludhiana, 1978).

SEAPS 205: REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY OF EAST ASIA AND SOUTH PACIFIC

I. Physical Setting

- (a) South Pacific: (1) The Insularity and Island Types - Preponderance of Water Body and Preeminence of EEZs – Landforms, Climate, Soils and Vegetation Types in the Island Realm (2) Natural Regions of Australia.
(b) East Asia: Landforms, Soils, Vegetation and Climate.

II. Resource Base and Potentialities

- (1). Australia's Abundant Mineral Wealth (2) New Zealand's modest Mineral and Forest Resources (3) Limited Terrestrial and Marine Resources of the Island Realm (4) Japan's Human Resources and Technological Development (5) Agricultural base and Mineral Wealth of China.

III. Economic Character

- (1) Australia's Export Economy (2) New Zealand's Pastoral Industry (3) Island Realm: Subsistence Farming – Economic Dependency (4) China: Intensive Capital Investment in State-owned Industrial Sector – Shift to Market Economy, (5) Japan: Imported Raw Materials and Energy vis-a-vis Leading Exporter of Manufactured goods – Regional Development Assistance.

IV. Population

- (1) High Density Coastal Fringes of Australia and New Zealand – Increasing Urbanization in the Region (2) Over Population Tendencies in the Island Realm (3) Issues of Highly Populous China – Marginal Population Growth in Japan and Korea.

V. Infrastructural Development

- (1) Well-developed Transport & Communication System, High Energy Production, Better Education and Health in Australia, New Zealand, Japan and South Korea (2) Improper Infrastructural Development in the South Pacific Island Realm, (3) Moderate Infrastructure and Modernization in China.

Suggested Readings:

1. Bergsmark, D.R., *Economic Geography of Asia*, Vol. 2, (Jaipur 1996).
2. Cole, John, *Geography of World's Major Regions*, (London, 1996).
3. Dobby, E.H.G., *Monsoon Asia*, Vol. 5 (London, 1961).
4. Heintzelman, O.H. and R.M. Highsmith, Jr., *World's Regional Geography*, (New Delhi, 1965).
5. Kolb, A., *Geography of a Cultural Region: East Asia*, (London, 1963).
6. Salter, Christopher L., Hobbs, Joseph J., Wheeler Jr. Jesse H. and Trenton, Kostbade J., *Essentials of World Regional Geography*, (Sydney, 1998).
7. Stamp, L. Dudley, *A Regional Geography: Asia, Australia and New Zealand*, (London, 1956).
8. Wheeler, Jr. Jesse H., Trenton Kostbade J. and Thoman, Richard S., *Regional Geography of the World*, (New York, 1969).

SEAPS 206 : HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS-I COMMON SYLLABUS FOR ALL P.G. COURSES

III - SEMESTER
SEAPS 301: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Unit I. International Relations: Meaning and Scope – **Nation-State** – Its Features – National Power: Elements of National Power - Balance of Power – **Diplomacy:** Kinds of Diplomacies.

Unit II. Cold War: Phases of Cold War - Disintegration of Soviet Union and its impact - **Nonaligned Movement:** Origin and Growth – Role and Relevance of the Movement - **Third World:** Impact of emergence of Third World – North - South Conflict and South- South Cooperation – New International Economic order (NIEO) – Role of International Law.

Unit III. Foreign Policies of India, the USA, Russia, and China.

Unit IV. League of Nations – Structure – Achievements of the League – Cause for the failure of the League.

Unit V. United Nations – Principal organs – Its specialized agencies – collective Security – UN and Regional security parts – U N and Human Rights and Terrorism – Achievements of U N: Political, social and Economic cooperation UN: Challenges and future.

Suggested Readings

1. Chander, Prakash and Arora, Prem, *Studies in International Relations*, (New Delhi, 1989).
2. 3. Jackson, Robert and Sorensen, George, *Introduction to International Relations*, (Oxford, 1999).
3. Morgenthau, Hans J., *Politics Among Nations*, (Calcutta, 1969).
4. Palmer, N.D. and Perkins, H.C., *International Relations: The World Community in Transition*, (Calcutta, 1969).
5. Sharma, Premlata, *International Relations*, (Jaipur, 1996).
6. Sharma, Urmila and Sharma, S.K., *International Relations: Theory and History*, (Delhi, 1997).
7. Srivatsava, L.N., *International Relations*, (Delhi, 1999).
8. United Nations, *Emergencies United Nations*, (New York, 1959).
9. Bosu, Rukmi, *The United Nations: Organization* (Delhi 1992).
10. Gupta, DC, *The League of Nations*, (Delhi 1974).
11. Singh, Sukhibir, *Structure and Function* (Delhi 1995).
12. Bennelt, Le Roy A: *International Organization: Principals and Issues*, (New Jersey, 1995).
13. Trivedi, Sonu, *A Handbook of International Organization*, (New Delhi 2005).

SEAPS 302: NATIONALISM IN SOUTHEAST ASIA

I. The Philippines: Replacement of the Spanish rule by the American Rule

Origin and Growth of Nationalist Resistance to Spanish rule – Early Filipino Nationalist Leaders: Jose Rizal, Andres Bonifacio, Emilio Aguinaldo – Spanish-American War of 1898 and American Annexation of the Philippines – The Process of Filipinisation: Organic Act, 1902, Jones Act, 1916, Tydings McDuffie Act, 1934 – Japanese Occupation of the Philippines – End of World War II and the attainment of Independence.

II. Burma

Growth of Burmese Nationalism during and after World War I – Anti-footwear Movement, 1916-17 – Movement for Dyarchy 1921-22 – Saya San Rebellion 1931 – Burma's separation from India – The Thakin Movement – AFPFL – British reoccupation and transfer of power to the Burmese.

III. Indonesia

Emergence of Indonesian Nationalist Leadership: Kartini Movement, Boedi Utomo, Sarekat Islam, – ‘Volksraad’ – Communist Party of Indonesia (PKI), Indonesian Nationalist Party (PNI).

Impact of the World War II on Indonesian Nationalist Movement – Post-World War II Developments: Proclamation of Indonesian Republic – Linggadjati Agreement – First Police Action – Renville Agreement – Second Police Action – New Delhi Conference on Indonesia – Hague Conference – Transfer of Power to Indonesia.

IV. Malaysia

Post-World War II Malaya – Communist bid to grab power – Establishment of UMNO, 1946 – Events leading to the Independence of Malaya – Establishment of Malaysia 1963 – Independence of Singapore, 1965.

V. Brunei

British Administration – Attainment of Independence in 1984.

Suggested Readings

1. Cady, John F., *Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development*, (New York, 1964).
2. Christie, Clive J., *A Modern History of Southeast Asia: Decolonization, Nationalism and Separatism*, (Singapore, 1996).
3. Hall, D.G.E., *A History of Southeast Asia*, (London, 1976).
4. Laothamatas, Anek (ed.), *Democratization in Southeast Asia and East Asia*, (Singapore, 1997).
5. Pluvier, J.M., *Southeast Asia: From Colonialism to Independence*, (Kuala Lumpur, 1977).
6. Purcell, Victor, *South and Southeast Asia Since 1800*, (Cambridge, 1965).
7. Sardesai, D.R., *Southeast Asia: Past and Present*, (New Delhi, 1997).
8. Suryanarayan, V., *Singapore: Path to Independence*, (Madurai, 1977).
9. Tarling, Nicholas (ed.), *The Cambridge History of Southeast Asia*, Vols. I & II, (Cambridge, 1992).
10. Tarling, Nicholas, *Nations and States in Southeast Asia*, (Cambridge, 1998).
11. Tate, D.J.M., *The Making of Modern Southeast Asia*, Vols. I & II, (Kuala Lumpur, 1977).

SEAPS 303: INDOCHINA (CAMBODIA, LAOS AND VIETNAM), 1802 – 2000

- I. Early Western Contacts – French Conquest of Cochin-China, Establishment of Protectorates over Cambodia, Laos and Annam and Tongking.
- II. French Administration – Political, Economic and Social effects –Growth of Nationalism – World War II and Japanese Occupation of Indochina – Effects- Declaration of ‘Independence’. Re-imposition of French rule, 1945 – Struggle for Freedom – Ho Chi Minh and Viet Minh – Democratic Republic of Vietnam – Khmer Issark and Pathet Lao movements in Cambodia and Laos – Bao Dai Experiment – Franco-Vietnamese, Franco- Cambodian and Franco-Laotian Agreements, 1948-49.
- III. Cold War and its effects on Indochina – Sihanouk’s crusade for Independence – Developments in Vietnam and Laos – Battle of Dien Bien Phu – Geneva Conference of 1954 – Provisions and their working – International Control Commissions.

IV. Post-Geneva Developments:

- a) **Vietnam:** Internal Developments in Two Vietnams – Problems of Reconstruction in DRVN – Diem's rule in the Republic of Vietnam – Struggle for unification – National Front for the Liberation of South Vietnam – Provisional Revolutionary Government and DRVN – US involvement – Paris Agreement, 1973 – Overthrow of Thieu Regime – Unification of Vietnam.
 - b) **Cambodia:** Abdication of King Norodom Sihanouk – Sihanouk's rule – Struggle for Neutrality – Overthrow of Sihanouk – Lon Nol's rule, 1970-75 – Overthrow of Lon Nol.
 - c) **Laos:** RLG Agreement with the Pathet Lao, 1956 – Vientiane Agreement, November 1951 – Geneva Agreement 1962 – Standstill Ceasefire Agreement, 1973 - Vientiane Agreement, 1973 – Formation of PGNU, 1974 – Proclamation of LPDR, 1975.
- V. Vietnam – Cambodians Conflict – Chinese Invasion on Vietnam – Cambodian problem – Collapse of Soviet Union – Integration of Indochina in to ASEAN.

Suggested Readings

1. Buttinger, Joseph, *Vietnam: A Political History*, (Andre Deutsch, 1969).
2. Cady, John F., *Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development*, (New York, 1964).
3. Dommen, J., *Conflict in Laos: The Politics of Neutralization*, (New York, 1964).
4. Hall, D.G.E., *A History of Southeast Asia*, (London, 1976).
5. Hammer, Ellen J., *The Struggle for Indochina*, (Stanford, 1956).
6. Marr, D.G., *Vietnamese Anti-Colonialism 1885-1925*, (Berkeley, 1971).
7. Murthy, B.S.N., *Vietnam Divided*, (Bombay, 1964).
8. Reddi, V.M., *A History of the Cambodian Independence Movement, 1862-1955*, (Tirupati, 1970).
9. Sardesai, D.R., *Southeast Asia: Past and Present*, (New Delhi, 1981).
10. Tarling, Nicholas, (ed.), *The Cambridge History of Southeast Asia*, (Two Volumes) (Cambridge, 1992).
1. Thompson, V., *French Indochina*, (London, 1947).

SEAP – 304(A) : HISTORY OF THE USA FROM 1766 TO 1963

- I. Geographical Features of North America – The Colonial background – American War of Independence – Causes and Consequences – Formation of Confederation – Framing of the Constitution – Its salient features – George Washington as the first President – Administration of John Adams.
- II. Thomas Jefferson and his Republicanism – Thomas Madison and the War of 1812 – Its causes, nature and significance – James Munroe : Internal and External Policies – Andrew Jackson and his Democracy – Territorial expansion: Louisiana Purchase, 1803 and the acquisition of Florida, 1819 – Manifest Destiny: Annexation of Texas, 1845 – Settlement of Oregon, 1846.
- III. The Mexican War, 1846-1848 – Causes and Results – Issue of Slavery and the anti-slavery movement – Missouri Compromise 1820 and the compromise of 1850 – Abraham Lincoln and the Civil War – Causes, Course, Significance.
- IV. Reconstruction after the Civil War – Growth of big business and giant Trusts – Agrarian unrest – Labour Problems and Trade Union Movement – Progressive Movement (1900-1917) – The era of Theodore Roosevelt; William H Taft and Woodrow Wilson

- V. American Imperialism – Spanish-American war, 1898 – The Open door Policy in China – USA and the First World War – Wilson’s Fourteen Points and the Peace Treaty of 1919 – Washington Conference 1921-1922 – Great Depression 1929-33 – F.D. Roosevelt: New Deal and Good Neighborly Policy – USA and the Second World War – Beginning of the Cold War – Truman Doctrine – Administration of Eisenhower and John F Kennedy

Suggested Readings

1. Allen, H.G., *Great Britain and the United States*, (New York, 1955)
2. Brannon, J.H., *History of the Americas*, (New York, 1963)
3. Board, C.A. and Mary R.Board, *New Basic History of the United States* (New York, 1960)
4. Billington, R.A., *American History* (Peterson, 1963)
5. Current R.N.W. and Others, *American History: A Survey*, (New York, 1979)
6. Daniels W.M., *American Indians*, (New York, 1957)
7. Franklin J.H., *From Slavery to Freedom*, (Chicago, 1966)
8. Hill, C.P., *A History of the United States* (New York, 1965)

SEAPS 305(A) : GOPOLITICS OF ASIA–PACIFIC REGION(IE)

I. Geostrategic Perspectives of Southeast Asia

(a) Intra-regional Issues: (1) Persistent Boundary Disputes (2) Maritime Boundary Controversies: Overlapping Territorial claims -- EEZs -- Strategic Significance of South China Sea –Paracels and Spratlys; (b) Strategic Significance of Southeast Asia; (c) Southeast Asia: a Theatre of Cold War.

II. Geopolitical Landscape of South Pacific

(a) Region’s Strategic Significance and Security Concerns.
(b) Australia’s Security Concerns and Interests – Security Engagement with Southeast Asia – Aid Commitment in South Pacific; (c) South Pacific Environmental Security;
(d) Australia’s Strategic and Commercial Interests in the Indian Ocean.

III. Indo - Pacific Realm an arena of Geopolitical Contest:

(a) Geopolitical implications of Indian Ocean on Southeast Asia and Australia.
(b) Divergence in the Security Perceptions of India, Southeast Asia and Australia.
(c) Extra-regional Powers’ Perceptions of Regional Security Issues – IOZOP and ZOPFAN.

IV. Cold War Bipolarity and Asia-Pacific

(a) Super Powers’ Involvement in Asia-Pacific Region – Korean Crisis, Vietnam War – Regional Defence Pacts: ANZUS Pact, SEATO, FPDA.
(b) Policies of China and Japan in Asia-Pacific; India’s Outlook towards Asia-Pacific.

V. Post-Cold War Geopolitical Dynamics

(a) Geopolitical Transition from Military-strategic Pursuits to Geoeconomics.
(b) Convergence of Security perspectives in Indo-Pacific Realm.
(c) Multilateral Forums & Confidence Building Measures: APEC, ARF, AFTA, SPF, SPREP.
(d) New World Order under Geopolitics.

Suggested Readings

1. Henningham, S., *The Pacific Island States: Security and Sovereignty in the Post Cold War World*, (London, 1995).
2. Joo-Jack, Lim, *Geostrategy and the South China: Regional Balance, Maritime Issues, Future*, (Singapore, 1979).
3. Kaul, Man Mohini, *Pearls in the Ocean: Security Perspectives in the South-West Pacific*, (New Delhi, 1993).
4. Connors, M.K., Davison, R. and Dosch, J., *The New Geopolitics of the Asia-Pacific*, (London, 2004).
5. Nijman, Jan, *The Geopolitics of Power & Conflict: Superpowers in the International System, 1945-1992*, (London, 1993).
6. Sandy Gordon, *Security and Security Building in the Indian Ocean Region*, (Canberra, 1996).
7. Vali, Ferne A., *Politics of the Indian Ocean Region: The Balance of Power*, (London, 1976).
8. Tuathail, G. O., Dalby, S, and Routledge, P., *The Geopolitics Reader*, (London, 1998).
9. Dijkink, G., *National Identity & Geopolitical Visions*, (London, 1996).

IV - SEMESTER

SEAPS 401(A): INDIA AND THE ASIA-PACIFIC(IE)

I. Post Cold War Asia - Pacific

Economic reforms in China and India – Japan's search for new role
ASEAN and Asia - Pacific

II. India-Southeast Asia

Cold War Politics – India's Look East Policy and ASEAN's response – Emerging partnerships with ASEAN countries: Singapore, Malaysia, Indonesia, Thailand and Indochina countries Myanmar's importance to India

III. India and South Pacific

India-Australia relations – Australia's Look West policy
Australia and New Zealand enhanced relations with India
India-Fiji Relations
India-Australia and ASEAN interaction

IV. India and East Asia

India rediscovers China – India China relations after the Cold War
New strategic partnership with Japan – Enhanced relations with South Korea.
East Asia Summits

V. India's Cooperation with Regional and sub-regional Organizations in the Asia-Pacific

APEC, Pacific Islands Forum, IOR-ARC, ASEAN Regional Forum, BIMSTEC and Mekong Ganga Cooperation

Suggested Readings

1. Chan Wahn Kim, *Economic Liberalisation and India's Foreign Policy*, (Delhi, 2006).
2. Cohen, Stephen P., *Emerging Power: India*, (Oxford, 2001).
3. Islam, Iyanatul and Chowdhury, Anis, *Asia-Pacific Economies*, (London, 1997).
4. McGrew, Anthony and Brook, Christopher (ed.), *Asia-Pacific in the New World Order*, (London, 1998).
5. Micheal Yahuda, *The International Politics of the Asia-Pacific, 1945-1995*, (London, 1996).
6. Qurong, Shen and Gupta, Bhabani Sen (eds.), *China Looks at the World*, (Delhi, 1999).
7. Sharma, R.R. (ed.), *India and Emerging Asia*, (New Delhi, 2005).
8. Shukla, Vatsala, *India's Foreign Policy in the New Millennium*, (New Delhi, 2005).
9. Tarling, Nicholas (ed.), *The Cambridge History of Southeast Asia*, Vols. I & II, (Cambridge, 1992).
10. Trivedi, Sonu, *A Hand Book of International Organizations*, (New Delhi, 2005).

SEAPS 402(A): REGIONAL COOPERATION IN SOUTHEAST ASIA(IE)

I. Identification of Southeast Asia as a Region: Mountbatten and SEAC.

Early Attempts at Regional Cooperation:

The Philippines Proposal of Pacific Union – SEATO (1954) – Bandung Conference (1955) – Five Power Defence Treaty – ASA (1963) – MAPHILINDO (1963).

II. Formation of ASEAN

Circumstances leading to the Establishment of ASEAN - Aims & Objectives – First Decade of ASEAN – Emergence of Communism in Indochina and its Impact on ASEAN – **Cambodian Problem and ASEAN's Response** – ASEAN's opposition to Vietnam's intervention in Cambodia – Establishment of ASEAN-sponsored CGDK – Settlement of the Cambodian Problem – Paris Peace Accords of 1991.

III. Road to ASEAN-10

Admission of Brunei (1984), Vietnam's Admission (1995), Myanmar and Laos Membership (1997) – Cambodia joins as last country (1999).

IV. ASEAN Summit Meetings

V. ASEAN's Economic and Security Cooperation – Establishment of ARF (1993) – Annual Meetings of ARF – AFTA.

Suggested Readings

1. Fawcett, Louise and Hurrell, Andrew (eds.), *Regionalism in World Politics: Regional Organization and International Order*, (Oxford University Press, New York, 1995).
2. Fifield, Russel H., *Southeast Asia in United States Policy*, (Frederck A. Praeger, New York, 1963).
3. Ganesan, N., *Bilateral Tensions in Post-Cold War ASEAN*, (Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS), Singapore, 1999).
4. Mahathir Bin Mohamad, *Regionalism, Globalism and Spheres of Influence: ASEAN and the Challenge of Change into the 21st Century*, (ISEAS, Singapore, 1989).
5. Rigg, Jonathan, *Southeast Asia: A Region in Transition*, (Routledge, London, 1994).
6. Sueo, Sekiguchi and Makito, Noda (eds.), *Road to ASEAN-10: Japanese Perspectives on Economic Integration*, (ISEAS, Singapore, 1999).
7. Tan, Joseph L.H. (ed.), *Afta in the changing international economy*, (ISEAS, Singapore, 1996).

SEAP 403: ECONOMICS OF ASIA-PACIFIC REGION

I. Regional Economic Character

Domestic Resources of Asia-Pacific Region – Southeast Asia: Locational significance – Economic Resurgence – Growth of agricultural economy – Rise of Industrial economies – N I Es – Singapore ubiquitous Insularity - Proveniences of E E Zs.

II. Economies of East Asia.

Rise of Japan – U.S. Japan Alliance China: Deng Xiao Ping Economic Policies – Growth of China after Cold War.

III. Significance of South Pacific.

Australia: Active engagement in agriculture and food production – Quarry and farm `economy to open market economy.

New Zealand: Agriculture, Animal Husbandry – Industrial potentials.

IV. Economic Cooperation Across the Asia – Pacific.

Trends in Economic Growth in Asia – Pacific Regional Economic Groups: ASEAN, ESCAP-APEC-EAS.

V. International Economic Cooperation.

Economic Reforms – Foreign Trade – F T As – A F T A – Effects of Globalization.

References:

1. Bhagawathi, J. (Ed), **International Trade, Selected Readings**, Cambridge University Press, Massachusetts, (1981).
2. L.M. Bhole: **Financial Institutions and Markets: Structure, Growth, and Innovations**, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Paul R. Krugman & Maurice Obstfield **International Economics**, Addison Wesley Longman (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., Delhi, 2000.

4. Dilip K. Das, **Asian Economy and Finance: A Post – Crisis Perspective**, Springer Publisher, New York, 2005.
5. Jon, D. Kendall, Donghyun Park, Randolph Tan, **East Asian Economic Issues**, World Scientific Publishers, New York, 1997.
6. Mohamed Ariff and others, **Afta in the Changing International Economy**, (ISEAS, Singapore, 1996).
7. **Regional out look – Southeast Asia (2001-2005)** (ISEAS, Singapore, 2000).
8. **The Far East and Australasia** (Ed.) (Europa Publications, England, 2002).
9. World Bank, **World Development Reports**, Oxford University Press, New York.
10. W. T. O. Regionalism and the World Trade Systems.

SEAPS 404: INDIA – AUSTRALIA RELATIONS

I. Basic Linkages of India-Australia Relations

- a) Geographical Proximity as Littoral States of Indian Ocean.
- b) Commonalities based on:
 - (1) geological past, (2) mining conditions, (3) climate, (4) colonial legacy, (5) concerns over Indian Ocean security
- c) Complementarities in Economic and Trade Relationships.

II. Political Issues and Security Concerns

- a) Nehru - Menzies Ideological Estrangement
- b) Australia's Positive Response on the eve of Chinese aggression
- c) Australia's Initiatives and India's Reluctance for Defence Cooperation
- d) Australia-India Approaches to the Indian Ocean Security

III. Economic and Trade Relations

- a) Economic and Technical Cooperation – Colombo Plan and after
- b) Trade Imbalance

IV. Post - Cold War Initiatives

- a) India's Look East Policy
- b) Australia's Look West Policy
- c) Joint Business Councils:
 - (1) Investment, (2) Scientific and Technical Cooperation, (3) Trade

V. Strategic and Security Concerns

- (1) Australia's Recognition of India's Security Concerns.
- (2) Australia's Reaction to India's Nuclear tests.
- (3) Strategic Dialogue and Partnerships.
- (4) Impact of India-U.S. Bonhomie on the India - Australia Relations.

Suggested Readings

1. Banerjee, D., *Towards an Era of Cooperation : An Indo-Australia Dialogue*, (New Delhi, 1995).
2. Department of Defence, *Australia's Strategic Policy*, (Canberra, 1997).
3. Evans, G. and Grant, B., *Australia's Foreign Relations in the World of the 1990s*, (Carton: Victoria, 1995).
4. Greenwood, G. and Norman, H., *Australia in World Affairs, 1950-55, 1956-1960, 1961-1965, 1966-1970*, (Cheshire, 1957, 1963, 1968, 1974).
5. McPherson, K. and Panandikar, V.A.P., *India- Australia: Public Policy Conference*, (New Delhi, 1996).
6. Neelamegham, S. Midgley, D. and Sen, C., *Enterprise Management: New Horizons in Indo- Australian Collaboration*, (New Delhi, 1999).
7. Senate Standing Committee on Foreign Affairs, Defence and Trade, *Australia-India Relations: Trade and Security*, (Canberra, 1990).
8. Vicziany, Marika (ed.), *Australia-India, The Economic Links: Past, Present and Future*, (Nedlands: Western Australia, 1993)
9. Watt, A., *The Evolution of Australian Foreign Policy, 1938-1965*, (London, 1967).

SEAPS 405(A) : SOUTH PACIFIC CULTURES(IE/EE)

I. Indigenous People and their Ways of Life

- (a) South Pacific : Archaeology and Settlement – Peopling of Pacific : Australoids, Melanosoids, Papuans, Polynesians and Micronesians.
- (b) Culture Areas and Indigenous Life Ways:
 - 1) Melanesia 2) Polynesia 3) Micronesia

II. European Colonization and Socio-economic Transformation

- a) European Discovery of Pacific Islands.
- b) European Colonization – Christian Missionaries.
- c) Introduction of New Economic Activities and Influx of Aliens.
- d) Alien’s Cultural Influence on Native People and Acculturation.
- e) Independent States and Plural Societies.

III. Fiji : Society

- a) British Colonial Administration and Indenture System – Fiji Indians and Sugarcane Cultivation.
- b) British Protection of Fijian Interests and Empowerment.
- c) Indigenous Fijian and Fiji-Indian Relations under Colonial rule.
- d) Fiji Independence and Racially-biased Constitutions and Ethnic Problems – Fiji – Indians fight for Equal Rights.

IV. New Zealand : Society

People of Indian origin – Socio-economic contribution – Cultural reproduction and Identity.

V. Australian Society

- 1. Aboriginal Australia : Settlement Process – Native Ways of life.
- 2. James Cook’s Discovery of Australia.

Aborigines in White Australia

- a) Whiteman’s Policy towards Aborigines.
- b) Aborigines and Human Rights – Stolen Generation’ a case of Human Rights Violation.
- c) Fight of Equal Rights and Free State

Movement towards Multiculturalism – Equal Opportunity Legislation.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Bambrick, Susan (ed), *The Cambridge Encyclopedia of Australia*, (New York, 1994).
- 2. Cumberland, Kenneth B., *Southwest Pacific*, (London, 1968).
- 3. *The Far East and Australia* (Yearbooks), (London).
- 4. *Far Eastern Economic Review, Asia Yearbooks*.
- 5. Harding, T.G. and Ben J., Wallace (ed.), *Cultures of the Pacific*, (New York), pp.304-315.
- 6. Scott, Earnest, *A Short History of Australia*, (London, 1973).
- 7. Brookfield, H.C. and Doreen Hart, *Melanesia*, (London, 1971).
- 8. Burns, Sir Alan, *Fiji*, (London, 1963).
- 9. Harding, Thomas G. and Ben J. Wallace (ed.), *Cultures of the Pacific*, (London, 1970).
- 10. Howard, Alan (ed.), *Polynesia : Readings on a Culture Area*, (London, 1971).
- 11. Mayer, Adrian C., *Indians in Fiji*, (Bombay, 1963).
- 12. William H. Alkines, “An Introduction to the Peoples and Cultures of Micronesia”, in *Current Topics in Anthropology*, Vol. V, (1972), pp.1-56.

**SEAPS 406 : HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS-II
COMMON SYLLABUS FOR ALL P.G. COURSES**

Appendix – I List of Papers

Theory Papers suggested for being offered by the Related Departments under CBCS

Name of the Dept	Title of the Paper
I. Anthropology	1. Southeast Asian Cultures 2. The Indian Diaspora
II. Geography	1. Regional Geography of Southeast Asia 2. Geopolitics of the Asia – Pacific Region
III. Political Science	1. India and the World 2. Post Cold War World Order
IV. Economies	1. Economies of the Asia – Pacific Region 2. International Economic Order

Appendix – II: Syllabi

ANTHROPOLOGY

Southeast Asian Cultures

Syllabus

- I. The First Southeast Asians – Primitive and tribal Cultures in prehistory and History – India's maritime trade and culture contact.
- II. Spread of Hinduism and Buddhism into Southeast Asia – Indianized kingdoms and their Cultural Contribution – Spread of Islam and Islamization of Southeast Asia – Chinese Cultural influence in Southeast Asia.
- III. European Colonization of Southeast Asia – Economic transformation – immigration of Chinese and Indians into Southeast Asia – Plural Societies.
- IV. Southeast Asia cultures today – Islamic Societies – Theravada Buddhist Societies – Christian Societies – Tribal Societies and their ways of life.
- V. Acculturation in Southeast Asia and Survivals of Indian cultural elements – Balinese culture – Cham Hindu culture – Indian communities in Southeast Asia.

Suggested Readings

1. Provencher, Ronald, 1975, **Mainland Southeast Asia**, Good year publishing Company , INC., California.
2. Keyes, Charles, F., 1977. **The Golden Peninsula**, Macmillan Company, New York.
3. Cady, J.F., 1964, **Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development**, Tata – McGraw Hill Publishing Company, Ltd, New Delhi.
4. Coedes, George, 1968. **The Indianized States of Southeast Asia**, (English trans by H.M. Wright), Routledge and kegan Paul, London.
5. Majumdar, R.C., **Hindu Colonies in the Far East**, Firma K.L. Mukhopadhyay, Calcutta.
6. Le May, Reginald 1956, **The Culture of Southeast Asia : The Heritage of India**, George Allen & Unwin Ltd, London.
7. Boon, James A, 1977, **The Anthropological Romance of Bali (1597-1972)**, Cambridge University press, London.
8. Osborne, Milton E, 1980, **Southeast Asia**, George Allen & Unwin, London.
9. Cole, Fay-Cooper, 1945, **The Peoples of Malaysia**, D. Van Nostrand Company, Ine, London.
10. Sandhu, K. S. & A. Mani (eds.), 1993, **Indian Communities in Southeast Asia**, Institute of Southeast Asian Studies, Singapore.
11. Kunstadter, Peter (ed), 1967, **Southeast Asian Tribes, Minorities, and Nations**, Princeton University Press, New Jersey (Two Volumes).
12. Lebar, Frank M., Gerold C. Hickey et al (eds.), 1964 **Ethnic Groups of Mainland Southeast Asia**, Human Relations Area Files Press, New Haven.

ANTHROPOLOGY

THE INDIAN DIASPORA

Indian Emigration in Ancient India

- a) Sources for Study of Migration B) Factors contributing for Migration
- c) Case Study: Southeast Asian Region

Indian Emigration during Colonial Period

- a) Factors contributing for Migration
Socio-economic contribution to host countries, Economic and Political Status
- b) Case Studies: Myanmar (Burma), Malaysia and Singapore
Fiji, Mauritius, Sri Lanka.

III. Indian Emigration during Post-Independent period

- a) Factors promoting migration
Socio-economic contribution to host countries and the country of origin (India)
- b) Case Studies: USA, Australia and Gulf Countries (West Asia)

IV. Indian Communities abroad: Moves at Unity and Cooperation

- a) GOPIO: Establishment and growth
- b) The role of Indian Diaspora in National Reconstruction and image building in International Fora and in host countries

V. Indian Diaspora and India's Policy

- a) Trends in India's policy towards Indian Diaspora
- b) Conventions of Pravasi Bharatiya Divas (PBD).

Suggested Readings:

1. Arasarathnam, Sinnappah, *Indians in Malaysia and Singapore*, (London, 1970) Tinker, Hugh, *The Banyan Tree*, (New York, 1977)
2. Chakravarthi, Nalini Ranjan, *The Indian Minority in Burma*, (Bombay, 1971).
3. Ghosh, Lipi and Ramakrishna Chatterjee, (ed.), *Indian Diaspora in Asian and Pacific Regions: Culture, People, Interactions*, (New Delhi, 2004).
4. Gupta, Anirudha, "Overseas Indians: Patterns, Myths and Misconceptions," in *International Conference on the Indian Diaspora*, (November 1st & 2nd, 1994, University of Hyderabad).
5. Jain, Prakash, C., "Gulf Migration and its impact," in *International Conference on the Indian Diaspora*, (November 1st & 2nd, 1994, University of Hyderabad).
6. Mayer, Adrian, C., *Peasants in the Pacific*, (London, 1973)
7. Motwani Jagat K. (ed.), *Global Indian Diaspora: Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow*, (New York, 1993).
8. Nagarajan, S., *Tamils Abroad : Non – Asian Countries*, Tamil University Pub. No. 173 (1995)
9. Saha, Panchanan, *Emigration of Indian Labour*, (Delhi, 1970).
10. Sandhu, K.S. and Mani, A. (ed.), *Indian Communities in Southeast Asia*, (Singapore, 1994)
11. Singh, Bahadur, I.J., *Indians in Southeast Asia*, (New Delhi, 1984).
12. Singhvi, L.M., *Report of the High Level Committee on the Indian Diaspora*, (Govt. of India, New Delhi, 2002)
13. Suryanarayan, V., "Neglected Dimension of India's Look East Policy" in K. Raja Reddy (ed.) *India and ASEAN: Foreign Policy Dimensions for 21st Century*, (New Delhi, 2005).
14. Vidyasagar, and Manohar Puri, (ed), *Mother India Children Abroad* (New Delhi, 1995)

GEOGRAPHY

REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY OF SOUTHEAST ASIA

I. Physical Make-up

Distribution of Land and Water – Topography – River Systems – Climatic Regions – Vegetation Types – Soils.

II. Resource Potentialities and Economic Base

Arable Land – Preponderance of Agricultural Economy – Forest Wealth – Marine Products – Exportable Surplus Raw Materials and Minerals – Trading Prospects.

III. Populations

Trends in Population Growth – Pattern of Population – Population Density – Post-Independence Migrations.

IV. Infrastructural Development

Transport and Communications – Industrial Development – Energy Production & Consumption – Health and Education.

V. Geostrategic Importance

Locational Significance – Regional Variations – Zone of Confluence and Conflict – Geopolitical and geo-economic Implications

Suggested Readings

1. Bradshaw, Michael, *A World Regional Geography*, (New York, 1997).
2. Cohen, B., *Monsoon Asia: A Map Geography*, (London, 1970).
3. Cole, John, *Geography of the World's Major Regions*, (London, 1996).
4. Dobby, E.H.G., *Southeast Asia*, (London, 1970).
5. Dutta, Ashok K., *Southeast Asia: Realm of Contrasts*, (Boulder: Colorado, 1985).
6. Fisher, C. A., *Southeast Asia: A Social, Economic and Political Geography*, (London, 1966).
7. Gordon East, W., Spate, O.H.K. and Fisher, Charles A., *The Changing Map of Asia*, (Norfolk, 1971).
8. Hill, R.D., *A Systematic Geography of Southeast Asia*, (Kuala Lumpur, 1979)
9. Salter, Christopher L., Hobbs, Joseph J., Wheeler Jr. Jesse H. and Trenton, Kostbade J., *Essentials of World Regional Geography*, (Sydney, 1998).
10. Spencer, J.E, and William L. Thomas, *Asia, East by South: A Cultural Geography*, (New York, 1971).

GEOGRAPHY

GOPOLITICS OF THE ASIA–PACIFIC REGION

I. Geostrategic Perspectives of Southeast Asia

- (a) Intra-regional Issues: (1) Persistent Boundary Disputes (2) Maritime Boundary Controversies: Overlapping Territorial claims -- EEZs -- Strategic Significance of South China Sea –Paracels and Spratlys; (b) Strategic Significance of Southeast Asia; (c) Southeast Asia: a Theatre of Cold War.

II. Geopolitical Landscape of South Pacific

- (a) Region's Strategic Significance and Security Concerns.
(b) Australia's Security Concerns and Interests – Security Engagement with Southeast Asia – Aid Commitment in South Pacific; (c) South Pacific Environmental Security;
(d) Australia's Strategic and Commercial Interests in the Indian Ocean.

III. Indo - Pacific Realm an arena of Geopolitical Contest:

- a. Geopolitical implications of Indian Ocean on Southeast Asia and Australia.
b. Divergence in the Security Perceptions of India, Southeast Asia and Australia.
c. Extra-regional Powers' Perceptions of Regional Security Issues – IOZOP and ZOPFAN.

IV. Cold War Bipolarity and Asia-Pacific

- (a) Super Powers' Involvement in Asia-Pacific Region – Korean Crisis, Vietnam War – Regional Defence Pacts: ANZUS Pact, SEATO, FPDA.
(b) Policies of China and Japan in Asia-Pacific; India's Outlook towards Asia-Pacific.

V. Post-Cold War Geopolitical Dynamics

- (a) Geopolitical Transition from Military-strategic Pursuits to Geoeconomics.
(b) Convergence of Security perspectives in Indo-Pacific Realm.
(c) Multilateral Forums & Confidence Building Measures: APEC, ARF, AFTA, SPF, SPREP.
(d) New World Order under Geopolitics.

Suggested Readings

1. Henningham, S., *The Pacific Island States: Security and Sovereignty in the Post Cold War World*, (London, 1995).
2. Joo-Jack, Lim, *Geostrategy and the South China: Regional Balance, Maritime Issues, Future*, (Singapore, 1979).
3. Kaul, Man Mohini, *Pearls in the Ocean: Security Perspectives in the South-West Pacific*, (New Delhi, 1993).
4. Connors, M.K., Davison, R. and Dosch, J., *The New Geopolitics of the Asia-Pacific*, (London, 2004).
5. Nijman, Jan, *The Geopolitics of Power & Conflict: Superpowers in the International System, 1945-1992*, (London, 1993).
6. Sandy Gordon, *Security and Security Building in the Indian Ocean Region*, (Canberra, 1996).
7. Vali, Ferne A., *Politics of the Indian Ocean Region: The Balance of Power*, (London, 1976).
8. Tuathail, G. O., Dalby, S, and Routledge, P., *The Geopolitics Reader*, (London, 1998).
9. Dijkink, G., *National Identity & Geopolitical Visions*, (London, 1996).

POLITICAL SCIENCE

INDIA AND THE WORLD

I. India and Non-Aligned Movement

India's Policy of Non-Alignment: Jawaharlal Nehru as messenger of Peace.
Indira Gandhi Period - India's Non-Aligned Policy after the end of Cold War.

II. India and the United Nations

Indian role in the founding of the UNO- India's Participation in the Principal organs of UNO – India and the Kashmir issue at the UNO - India and the Proposed reconstruction of the UNO.

III. India – US Relations

India and the USA– Similarities and Irritants - Indo-US Relations during the Cold War Period – Shadow of U.S. - Pakistan relations on India – Partnership in the War against Terrorism.

IV. India- Russia Relations

Cordial Relations during Nehru time – Relations during Indira Gandhi Period – Indo-Soviet Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation and the Bangladesh crisis – India – Russia relations after the Cold War.

V. India and the Arab World and European Union

Suggested Readings

1. Bosu, Rukmi, *The United Nations: Organisation*, (Delhi, 1992).
2. Chopra, V.D., *India and the Socialist World*, (New Delhi, 1983).
3. Dixit, J.N, *My South Block Years: Memories of Foreign Policy*, (New Delhi, 1996).
4. Dixit, J.N, *Across Borders: Fifty Years of India's Foreign Policy*, (New Delhi, 1998).
5. Jha, N.K., (ed), *India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World*, (New Delhi, 2000).
6. Prasad, Bimla (ed.), *India's Foreign Policy Studies*, (New Delhi, 1979).
7. Rajan, M.S., *Nonalignment & Nonaligned Movement: Retrospect and Prospect*, (New Delhi, 1990).
8. Rasgotra, M. & Chopra, V.D., (eds.), *India's Relations with Russia & China*, (New Delhi, 1997).

POLITICAL SCIENCE

POST COLD WAR WORLD ORDER

1. Contemporary World Order: End of Cold War – United States as pre-eminent power – Its effects on International Relations.

Relevance of Non-Aligned Movement in the Post-Cold War era.
2. Globalization and World Trade Organization – Role of Multinational Corporations (MNCs).
3. North-South Relations – Demand for New International Economic Order (NIEO) – The Present International Economic Order.
4. Human Rights – Terrorism – Non-State Actors in International Relations.
5. Experiments in Regional and Multilateral Cooperation – Role of Regional Associations – Structure and character of OAU, OAS, EEC, ASEAN, APEC, ASSRC and EAC – Emerging Multipolar World

Suggested Readings

1. Trivedi, Sonu, *A Hand Book of International Organizations*, (New Delhi, 2005).
2. Bennett, A. LeRoy, *International Organizations: Principles and Issues*, (New Jersey, 1995).
4. McGrew, Anthony and Brook, Christopher (ed.), *Asia-Pacific in the New World Order*, (London, 1998).
5. Micheal Yahuda, *The International Politics of the Asia-Pacific, 1945-1995*, (London, 1996).

ECONOMICS

ECONOMIES OF THE ASIA-PACIFIC REGION

I. Regional Economic Character

Domestic Resources of Asia-Pacific Region – Southeast Asia: Locational significance – Economic Resurgence – Growth of agricultural economy – Rise of Industrial economies – N I Es – Singapore ubiquitous Insularity - Proveniences of E E Zs.

II. Economies of East Asia.

Rise of Japan – U.S. Japan Alliance China: Deng Xioo Ping Economic Policies – Growth of China after Cold War.

III. Significance of South Pacific.

Australia: Active engagement in agriculture and food production – Quarry and farm economy to open market economy- New Zealand: Agriculture, Animal Husbandry – Industrial potentials.

IV. Economic Cooperation across the Asia – Pacific.

Trends in Economic Growth in Asia – Pacific Regional Economic Groups: ASEAN, ESCAP-APEC-EAS.

V. International Economic Cooperation.

Economic Reforms – Foreign Trade – F T As – A F T A – Effects of Globalization.

Suggested Readings

1. Bhagawathi, J. (Ed), **International Trade, Selected Readings**, Cambridge University Press, Massachusetts, (1981).
2. L.M. Bhole: **Financial Institutions and Markets: Structure, Growth, and Innovations**, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Paul R. Krugman & Maurice Obstfield **International Economics**, Addison Wesley Longman (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., Delhi, 2000.
4. Dilip K. Das, **Asian Economy and Finance: A Post – Crisis Perspective**, Springer Publisher, New York, 2005.
5. Jon, D. Kendall, Donghyun Park, Randolph Tan, **East Asian Economic Issues**, World Scientific Publishers, New York, 1997.
6. Mohamed Ariff and others, **Afta in the Changing International Economy**, (ISEAS, Singapore, 1996).
7. **Regional out look – Southeast Asia (2001-2005)** (ISEAS, Singapore, 2000).
8. **The Far East and Australasia** (Ed.) (Europa Publications, England, 2002).
9. World Bank, **World Development Reports**, Oxford University Press, New York.
10. W. T. O. Regionalism and the World Trade Systems.

ECONOMICS

International Economic Order

1. Historical review of the International Economic Systems and Order - the economic structure in advanced market economies and developing market economies - International trading system under the IMF-GATT regime - International trading system in the contemporary global economy: WTO and FTA-EPA.
2. Floating system based on the major international trade theories International monetary system and order - International migration and technology transfer, and changes in the comparative advantages and economic growth of the world economy.
3. Japan-U.S. trade and its friction: Comparative studies for the economic structure and economic relations between Japan and the U.S. – European Union - trade and economic policies.
4. Indian economic scenario – FTA with world nations – Chinese economy and its impact in Asia and the world – Comparative study of Indian and Chinese economies.
5. Case study of ASEAN – economies of ASEAN nations – India and ASEAN Trade and FTAs. BRIC and the future scenario – the emergence of East Asian Community – Role of India in EAC.

Suggested Readings

1. Paul R. Krugman & Maurice Obstfeld International Economics, Addison Wesley Longman (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., Delhi, 2000.
2. Thirlwall, A.P., The Nature of Economic Growth, 2002
3. Ricard, D., On the Principles of Political Economy and Taxation, 1817 3rd ed., 1821
4. Jan Tinbergen (Coordinator), Reshaping the International Order (RIO), A Report on the Club of Rome, 1976
5. Jagdish N Bhagwati (Editor), The New International Economic Order: The North-South Debate, MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 1977
6. Jagdish N Bhagwati (Editor), Economics and World Order., World Order Model Project, Macmillan Company, New York, 1972
7. Wassily Leontief, The Future of the World Economy, A UN Study, 1977
8. Mundel, R.A., International Economics, 1968
9. Regional Out look – Southeast Asia (2001-2005) (ISEAS, Singapore, 2000).
10. Denis Hew, (Ed), Roadmap to an ASEAN Economic Community, ISEAS, Singapore, 2005.